Senate File 2194 - Introduced

SENATE FILE 2194 BY GUTH

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act establishing the protecting professional freedom of
- 2 conscience from government discrimination Act, and including
- 3 effective date provisions.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 272C.12 Title.
- 2 This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the
- 3 "Protecting Professional Freedom of Conscience from Government
- 4 Discrimination Act".
- 5 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 272C.13 Definitions.
- 6 As used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise
- 7 requires:
- "Person" means an individual granted a license,
- 9 certification, or registration by the state.
- 10 2. "Religious organization" means a house of worship,
- 11 including but not limited to churches, synagogues, shrines,
- 12 mosques, and temples, or a religious group, corporation,
- 13 association, school or educational institution, ministry,
- 14 order, society or similar entity, regardless of whether it
- 15 is integrated or affiliated with a church or other house of 16 worship.
- 3. "State" means any department, commission, board, agency,
- 18 or agent of the state; any political subdivision of the state
- 19 and any department, commission, board, agency, or agent of such
- 20 political subdivision; and any individual or entity acting
- 21 under color of state law.
- 22 4. "State benefit program" means any program administered
- 23 or funded by the state, or by any agent on behalf of the state,
- 24 providing cash, vouchers, payments, grants, contracts, loans,
- 25 or in-kind assistance.
- 26 5. "Unborn child" means the same as defined in section
- 27 146A.1.
- 28 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 272C.14 Protection of the free
- 29 exercise of religious beliefs and moral convictions.
- 30 1. The sincerely held religious beliefs and moral
- 31 convictions protected by this subchapter include all of the
- 32 following:
- 33 a. Marriage is or should be recognized as the union of one
- 34 man and one woman.
- 35 b. The terms "male" and "female" refer to distinct and

- 1 immutable biological sexes that are determinable by anatomy and 2 genetics by the time of birth.
- 3 c. An unborn child is recognized as fully human from the 4 moment of conception and life should be sacred and valued from 5 the moment of conception.
- 2. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the state shall not take any discriminatory or adverse action against a person, wholly or partially, on the basis that such person does any of the following:
- 10 a. Solemnizes or declines to solemnize any marriage, or 11 provides or declines to provide services, accommodations, 12 facilities, goods, or privileges for a purpose related to 13 the solemnization, formation, celebration, or recognition of 14 any marriage, based upon or in a manner consistent with a 15 sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described 16 in subsection 1.
- 17 b. Makes any employment-related decision including but not 18 limited to a decision whether or not to hire, terminate, or 19 discipline another person whose conduct or religious beliefs 20 are inconsistent with those of the person, based upon or in a 21 manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or 22 moral conviction described in subsection 1.
- 23 c. Advertises, provides, or facilitates adoption or foster 24 care, when the person has provided or declined to provide any 25 adoption, foster care, or related service based upon or in a 26 manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or 27 moral conviction described in subsection 1.
- d. Declines to participate in the provision of treatments, counseling, or surgeries related to sex reassignment or gender identity transitioning or declines to participate in the provision of psychological, counseling, or fertility services based upon a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described in subsection 1.
- 34 e. Establishes sex-specific standards or policies concerning35 employee or student dress or grooming, or concerning access to

- 1 restrooms, spas, baths, showers, dressing rooms, locker rooms,
- 2 or other intimate facilities or settings, based upon or in a
- 3 manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or
- 4 moral conviction described in subsection 1.
- 5 f. If the person is a state employee, lawfully speaks
- 6 or engages in expressive conduct based upon or in a manner
- 7 consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or moral
- 8 conviction described in subsection 1, if any of the following
- 9 applies:
- 10 (1) The state employee's speech or expressive conduct
- 11 occurs in the workplace, and the speech or expressive conduct
- 12 is consistent with the time, place, manner and frequency of any
- 13 other expression of a religious, political, or moral belief or
- 14 conviction allowed.
- 15 (2) The state employee's speech or expressive conduct
- 16 occurs outside the workplace, and the speech or expressive
- 17 conduct is in the employee's personal capacity and outside the
- 18 course of performing work duties.
- 19 g. (1) If the person is employed by or acting on behalf
- 20 of the state and is authorized to license marriages and seeks
- 21 recusal from licensing legally valid marriages based upon or in
- 22 a manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or
- 23 moral conviction described in subsection 1. Any person making
- 24 such recusal shall provide prior written notice to the state
- 25 registrar of vital statistics who shall keep a record of such
- 26 recusal. The person providing such a recusal shall take all
- 27 necessary steps to ensure that the licensing of any legally
- 28 valid marriage is not impeded or delayed as a result of any
- 29 recusal.
- 30 (2) If the person is employed by or acting on behalf of
- 31 the state and is authorized to perform or solemnize marriages
- 32 including but not limited to judges, magistrates, justices of
- 33 the peace or their deputies, and seeks recusal from performing
- 34 or solemnizing lawful marriages based upon or in a manner
- 35 consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or moral

- 1 conviction described in subsection 1. Any person providing
- 2 such a recusal shall provide prior written notice to the state
- 3 court administrator. The state court administrator shall
- 4 take all necessary steps to ensure that the performance or
- 5 solemnization of any legally valid marriage is not impeded or
- 6 delayed as a result of any recusal.
- 7 h. Refuses to perform, assist, or participate in a medical
- 8 procedure which will result in an abortion in accordance
- 9 with chapter 146 based upon or in a manner consistent with a
- 10 sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described
- ll in subsection 1.
- 12 3. As used in this section, "discriminatory or adverse
- 13 action" means any action taken by the state against a person
- 14 described in subsection 2 that results in any of the following:
- 15 a. Applying or causing to be applied, a fine, penalty, fee,
- 16 or injunction against such person.
- 17 b. Withholding, reducing, excluding, terminating,
- 18 materially altering the terms or conditions of, or otherwise
- 19 making unavailable or denying any state license, certification,
- 20 registration, accreditation, title protection, or other similar
- 21 benefit, position, or status from or to such person.
- 22 c. Refusing to hire or promote, forcing to resign, firing,
- 23 demoting, sanctioning, disciplining, or materially altering the
- 24 terms or conditions of employment, or retaliating or taking any
- 25 other adverse employment action against a person employed or
- 26 commissioned by the state.
- 27 d. Investigating or initiating an investigation, claim, or
- 28 administrative proceeding of such person, if that person would
- 29 not otherwise be subject to such action.
- The state shall consider accredited, licensed,
- 31 registered, or certified any person that would otherwise be
- 32 accredited, licensed, registered, or certified, respectively,
- 33 for any purposes under state law but for a determination
- 34 against such person wholly or partially on the basis that
- 35 the person believes, speaks, or acts in accordance with a

- 1 sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described 2 in subsection 1.
- 3 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **272C.15** Cause of action and relief 4 standing attorney fees and costs state enforcement.
- 1. A person may assert an actual or threatened violation
- 6 of this subchapter as a claim or defense in any judicial or
- 7 administrative proceeding and obtain compensatory damages,
- 8 injunctive relief, declaratory relief, or any other appropriate
- 9 relief. Standing to assert a claim or defense under this
- 10 section shall be governed by the general rules of standing
- ll under the laws of this state.
- 12 2. A person may bring an action to assert a claim under this
- 13 subchapter no later than two years after the date the person
- 14 knew or should have known that a discriminatory or adverse
- 15 action was taken against the person.
- 16 3. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an
- 17 action under this section may be commenced, and relief may be
- 18 granted, in a court of this state without regard to whether the
- 19 person commencing the action has sought or exhausted available
- 20 administrative remedies.
- 21 4. In any action or proceeding to enforce a provision of
- 22 this subchapter, a prevailing party who establishes a violation
- 23 of this subchapter shall be entitled to recover reasonable
- 24 attorney fees and costs.
- 25 5. In addition to or in lieu of a person asserting a
- 26 violation of this subchapter under subsection 1, the office of
- 27 the attorney general may also bring an action for injunctive
- 28 or declaratory relief against this state to enforce compliance
- 29 with this subchapter. This subsection shall not be construed
- 30 to deny, impair, or otherwise affect any right or authority of
- 31 the office of the attorney general or this state, acting under
- 32 any law other than this subsection, to institute or intervene
- 33 in any proceeding.
- 34 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 272C.16 Rules of construction.
- 35 l. This subchapter shall be construed in favor of a broad

- 1 protection of free exercise of religious beliefs and moral
- 2 convictions, to the maximum extent permitted by the terms of
- 3 this subchapter and the Constitution of the State of Iowa and
- 4 the Constitution of the United States.
- 5 2. This subchapter shall not be construed to prevent this
- 6 state from providing, either directly or through an individual
- 7 or entity not seeking protection under this chapter, any
- 8 benefit or service authorized under state law.
- 9 3. This subchapter shall not be construed to authorize
- 10 a medical provider, hospital, clinic, hospice program, or
- 11 health care facility to deny visitation, to refuse to recognize
- 12 an attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney for
- 13 health care pursuant to chapter 144B, or to refuse to provide
- 14 lifesaving or emergency medical treatment necessary to cure an
- 15 illness or disease.
- 16 4. The protection of the free exercise of sincerely held
- 17 religious beliefs and moral convictions afforded by this
- 18 subchapter is in addition to the protections provided under
- 19 federal law, state law, and the Constitution of the State
- 20 of Iowa and the Constitution of the United States. This
- 21 subchapter shall not be construed to preempt or repeal any
- 22 state or local law that is equally or more protective of the
- 23 free exercise of sincerely held religious beliefs or moral
- 24 convictions, and this subchapter shall not be construed to
- 25 narrow the meaning or application of any state or local law
- 26 protecting the free exercise of sincerely held religious
- 27 beliefs or moral convictions.
- 28 5. This subchapter applies to, and in case of conflict
- 29 supersedes, any state law that impinges on the free exercise
- 30 of sincerely held religious beliefs and moral convictions
- 31 protected by this subchapter, unless a conflicting state law is
- 32 expressly made exempt from the application of this subchapter.
- 33 This subchapter also applies to, and in cases of conflict
- 34 supersedes, any ordinance, rule, regulation, order, opinion,
- 35 decision, practice or other exercise of state authority that

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- 1 impinges on the free exercise of sincerely held religious
- 2 beliefs and moral convictions protected by this subchapter.
- 3 Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 272C.17 Severability.
- 4 If any provision of this subchapter or the application
- 5 thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the
- 6 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of
- 7 this subchapter which can be given effect without the invalid
- 8 provisions or application and, to this end, the provisions of
- 9 this chapter are severable.
- 10 Sec. 7. CODE EDITOR DIRECTIVE.
- 11 1. The Code editor shall establish the following
- 12 subchapters in chapter 272C:
- a. Subchapter I, entitled "definitions", shall be comprised
- 14 of section 272C.1.
- b. Subchapter II, entitled "professional regulation", shall
- 16 be comprised of sections 272C.2 through 272C.11.
- 17 c. Subchapter III, entitled "professional freedom of
- 18 conscience from government discrimination", shall be comprised
- 19 of sections 272C.12 through 272C.17.
- 20 2. The Code editor shall make corresponding changes to
- 21 update chapter designations to subchapter designations in
- 22 section 272C.3, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1; section
- 23 272C.3, subsection 1, paragraph "a"; section 272C.3, subsection
- 24 2, paragraph "a"; section 272C.4, unnumbered paragraph 1;
- 25 section 272C.6, subsection 1; section 272C.6, subsection 6,
- 26 paragraph "a"; section 272C.7, subsection 1; section 272C.9,
- 27 subsection 4; section 272C.10, unnumbered paragraph 1; and
- 28 section 272C.10, subsection 8.
- 29 Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act takes effect thirty days
- 30 after enactment.
- 31 EXPLANATION
- 32 The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
- 33 the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 34 This bill establishes the "Protecting Professional Freedom
- 35 of Conscience from Government Discrimination Act" and provides

1 definitions. 2 The bill provides that the sincerely held religious beliefs 3 and moral convictions protected by the bill include: marriage 4 is or should be recognized as the union of one man and one 5 woman; the terms "male" and "female" refer to distinct and 6 immutable biological sexes that are determinable by anatomy 7 and genetics by the time of birth; and an unborn child is 8 recognized as fully human from the moment of conception and 9 life should be sacred and valued from the moment of conception. The bill provides that notwithstanding any law to the 10 ll contrary, the state shall not take any discriminatory 12 or adverse action against a person holding a license, 13 certification, or registration granted by the state, wholly or 14 partially on the basis that such person takes certain actions, 15 as specified in the bill, based upon the sincerely held 16 religious beliefs and moral convictions protected by the bill. 17 The bill specifies the discriminatory or adverse actions 18 prohibited by the state against a person protected under 19 the bill and provides that a person may assert an actual or 20 threatened violation of the bill as a cause of action in any 21 judicial or administrative proceeding and obtain compensatory 22 damages, injunctive relief, declaratory relief, or any other 23 appropriate relief. A person may bring an action to assert a 24 claim under the bill no later than two years after the date 25 the person knew or should have known that a discriminatory 26 or adverse action was taken against the person. 27 to assert a claim or defense under the bill is governed by 28 the general rules of standing under the laws of this state. 29 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an 30 action under the bill may be commenced, and relief may be 31 granted, in a court of this state without regard to whether the 32 person commencing the action has sought or exhausted available 33 administrative remedies. A prevailing party in an action under

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34 the bill who establishes a violation of the bill is entitled 35 to recover reasonable attorney fees and costs. The office of

1 the attorney general may also bring an action for injunctive 2 or declaratory relief against this state to enforce compliance 3 with the bill. The bill is not to be construed to deny, impair, 4 or otherwise affect any right or authority of the office of the 5 attorney general or the state, acting under any law other than 6 the bill, to institute or intervene in any proceeding. The bill is to be construed in favor of a broad protection of 8 the free exercise of sincerely held religious beliefs and moral 9 convictions, to the maximum extent permitted by the terms of 10 the bill and the Constitutions of the State of Iowa and of the 11 United States. The bill is not to be construed to prevent the 12 state from providing any benefit or service authorized under 13 state law. The bill is also not to be construed to authorize a 14 medical provider, hospital, clinic, hospice program, or health 15 care facility to deny visitation, to refuse to recognize an 16 attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney for health 17 care pursuant to Code chapter 144B, or to refuse to provide 18 lifesaving or emergency medical treatment necessary to cure 19 illness or disease. The protection of the free exercise of 20 sincerely held religious beliefs and moral convictions afforded 21 by the bill is in addition to the protections provided under 22 federal law, state law, and the Constitutions of the State 23 of Iowa and of the United States, and the bill is not to be 24 construed to preempt or repeal any state or local law that is 25 equally or more protective of the free exercise of sincerely 26 held religious beliefs or moral convictions or to narrow the 27 meaning or application of any state or local law protecting 28 the free exercise of sincerely held religious beliefs or moral 29 convictions. The bill applies to, and in case of conflict 30 supersedes, any state law that impinges on the free exercise 31 of sincerely held religious beliefs and moral convictions 32 protected by the bill, unless a conflicting state law is 33 expressly made exempt from the application of the bill. 34 bill also applies to, and in cases of conflict supersedes, 35 any ordinance, rule, regulation, order, opinion, decision,

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- 1 practice, or other exercise of state authority that impinges on
- 2 the free exercise of sincerely held religious beliefs and moral
- 3 convictions protected by the bill.
- 4 The bill includes a Code editor directive to create
- 5 subchapters in Code chapter 272C and make revisions in Code
- 6 chapter 272C as a consequence of creating such subchapters.
- 7 The provisions of the bill are severable. The bill takes
- 8 effect 30 days after enactment.